

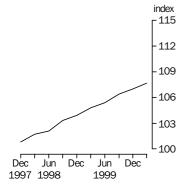
WAGE COST INDEX

AUSTRALIA

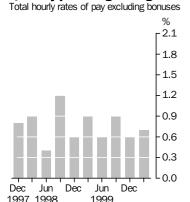
EMBARGO: 11:30AM (CANBERRA TIME) THURS 1 JUNE 2000

Quarterly index numbers

Total hourly rates of pay excluding bonuses Base: Sep Qtr 1997 = 100.0



Quarterly percentage change



 For further information about these and related statistics, contact Carrington Shepherd on Perth 08 9360 5151, or the National Information Service on 1300 135 070.

MARCH QUARTER 2000 KEY FIGURES

Total hourly rates of pay excluding bonuses	% change Dec Qtr 1999 to Mar Qtr 2000	% change Mar Qtr 1999 to Mar Qtr 2000
Australia	0.7	2.8
Sector		
Private sector	0.7	2.9
Public sector	0.6	2.5
States and Territories		
New South Wales	0.7	2.8
Victoria	0.7	3.0
Queensland	0.5	2.9
South Australia	0.6	2.7
Western Australia	0.7	2.7
Tasmania	0.5	2.5
Northern Territory	0.5	2.4
Australian Capital Territory	0.6	2.4

MARCH QUARTER 2000 KEY POINTS

INDEXES OF TOTAL HOURLY RATES OF PAY EXCLUDING BONUSES

QUARTERLY CHANGES (Dec Qtr 1999 to Mar Qtr 2000)

- The index of total hourly rates of pay excluding bonuses for all employee jobs in Australia increased by 0.7%.
- The increases in the indexes at the industry level ranged from 0.3% for Government administration and defence, and Health and community services, to 1.6% for Communication services.
- The increases in the indexes at the occupation level ranged from 0.2% for Advanced clerical and service workers to 0.9% for Associate professionals.

ANNUAL CHANGES (Mar Qtr 1999 to Mar Qtr 2000)

- The index of total hourly rates of pay excluding bonuses for all employee jobs in Australia increased by 2.8%.
- The increases in the indexes at the industry level ranged from 2.0% for Health and community services, and Cultural and recreational services, to 4.0% for Electricity, gas and water supply.

NOTES

FORTHCOMING ISSUES ISSUE (Quarter) EXPECTED RELEASE DATE

June 2000 31 August 2000

September 2000 23 November 2000

CHANGES IN THIS ISSUE There are no changes in this issue.

UNPUBLISHED STATISTICS Indexes are compiled for various combinations of State/Territory, sector

(private/public), broad industry group and broad occupation group. Indexes not included in this publication may be made available on request

by telephoning Perth 08 9360 5151.

FURTHER INFORMATION More detailed information on the Wage Cost Index is available in

Information Paper: Wage Cost Index, Australia, 2000 (Cat. no. 6346.0).

W. McLennan

Australian Statistician

CONTENTS

		p	oage
TABLE	S	Notes	2
	Indexes of total hourly rates of pay exclud	ling bonuses	
	1	Australia, States and Territories	5
	2	Australia, States and Territories, private sector	6
	3	Australia, States and Territories, public sector	7
	4	Sector by industry, index numbers	. 8
	5	Sector by industry, percentage changes	. 9
	6	Sector by occupation, index numbers	. 10
	7	Sector by occupation, percentage changes	11
	Indexes of ordinary time hourly rates of p	ay excluding bonuses	
	8	Australia, States and Territories	12
	9	Sector by industry, index numbers	13
	10	Sector by industry, percentage changes	. 14
	Indexes of hourly rates of pay including b	onuses	
	11	Sector	. 15
ADDIT	IONAL INFORMATION		
		Explanatory notes	16
		Appendix	21
		Classacry	23



TOTAL HOURLY RATES OF PAY EXCLUDING BONUSES

Period	New Sout Wales	h Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Northern Territory	Australian Capital Territory	Australia
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •				• • • • • • • •	• • • • • •	
			INDEX	NUMBERS	(a)				
1997–1998	101.2	101.1	101.2	101.1	101.4	100.7	101.3	100.7	101.2
1998–1999	104.7	104.2	104.2	104.1	104.4	103.5	104.2	103.7	104.4
1997									
September	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
December	100.7	100.7	100.9	100.8	100.9	100.4	101.2	100.2	100.8
1998									
March	101.8	101.6	101.7	101.5	102.0	101.1	101.8	101.1	101.7
June	102.1	102.1	102.2	101.9	102.6	101.4	102.2	101.4	102.1
September	103.6	103.2	103.2	103.2	103.4	102.4	103.0	102.8	103.3
December	104.1	103.8	103.9	103.8	104.0	102.9	104.0	103.3	103.9
1999									
March	105.3	104.5	104.6	104.6	104.7	103.9	104.7	104.1	104.8
June	105.9	105.1	105.1	104.7	105.4	104.6	105.0	104.4	105.4
September	107.0	106.1	106.3	105.9	106.1	105.5	105.8	105.6	106.4
December	107.5	106.8	107.1	106.8	106.7	106.0	106.7	106.0	107.0
2000									
March	108.2	107.6	107.6	107.4	107.5	106.5	107.2	106.6	107.7
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •						• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • •
		PERCENTA	GE CHANGE	(from prev	ious financi	al year)			
1998–1999	3.5	3.1	3.0	3.0	3.0	2.8	2.9	3.0	3.2
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	PFRCFI		NGE (from co				ear)	• • • • • • •	• • • •
	. 2	TIMBL OTHER	Tal (nom oo	пооронан	18 quartor o	n providuo ye	, ,		
1999									
March	3.4	2.9	2.9	3.1	2.6	2.8	2.8	3.0	3.0
2000									
March	2.8	3.0	2.9	2.7	2.7	2.5	2.4	2.4	2.8
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •						• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • •
		PERCE	NTAGE CHANC	aE (Trom p	revious qua	irter)			
1997									
December	0.7	0.7	0.9	0.8	0.9	0.4	1.2	0.2	0.8
1998									
March	1.1	0.9	0.8	0.7	1.1	0.7	0.6	0.9	0.9
June	0.3	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.6	0.3	0.4	0.3	0.4
September	1.5	1.1	1.0	1.3	0.8	1.0	0.8	1.4	1.2
December	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.5	1.0	0.5	0.6
1999									
March	1.2	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.7	1.0	0.7	0.8	0.9
June	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.1	0.7	0.7	0.3	0.3	0.6
September	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.1	0.7	0.9	0.8	1.1	0.9
December	0.5	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.6	0.5	0.9	0.4	0.6
2000									
March	0.7	0.7	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.7

⁽a) Base of each index: September Quarter 1997 = 100.0

TOTAL HOURLY RATES OF PAY EXCLUDING BONUSES, Private Sector

Period	New Sout Wales	h Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Northern Territory	Australian Capital Territory	Australia
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	INDEX I	NUMBERS	(a)	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •
1997–1998	101.1	101.1	101.2	101.1	101.5	100.8	100.9	100.9	101.2
1998–1999	104.2	104.1	104.1	104.2	104.6	103.6	103.6	103.3	104.2
1997									
September	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
December	100.7	100.7	101.1	100.9	101.0	100.3	100.5	100.5	100.8
1998									
March	101.7	101.7	101.6	101.5	102.2	101.2	101.2	101.3	101.7
June	102.0	102.1	102.2	101.9	102.7	101.6	101.7	101.6	102.1
September	103.2	103.2	103.1	103.3	103.6	102.5	102.8	102.5	103.2
December	103.8	103.8	103.8	104.0	104.2	103.1	103.2	102.8	103.8
1999									
March	104.5	104.4	104.4	104.6	104.9	104.0	103.9	103.7	104.5
June	105.1	105.1	105.0	104.7	105.6	104.7	104.3	104.3	105.1
September	106.5	106.1	106.0	105.8	106.3	105.5	105.3	105.9	106.2
December	106.9	106.8	106.6	106.5	106.7	106.0	105.7	106.2	106.7
2000									
March	107.7	107.6	107.1	107.3	107.5	106.5	106.2	107.2	107.5
			GE CHANGE (•	0.7	0.4	•
1998–1999	3.1	3.0	2.9	3.1	3.1	2.8	2.7	2.4	3.0
1000	PERCEN [*]		IGE (from co					• • • • • • • •	• • • • • •
1999 March	2.8	2.7	2.8	3.1	2.6	2.8	2.7	2.4	2.8
	2.8	2.1	2.8	3.1	2.6	2.8	2.1	2.4	2.8
2000 March	3.1	3.1	2.6	2.6	2.5	2.4	2.2	3.4	2.9
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • •
		PERCEN	ITAGE CHANG	GE (from p	revious qua	arter)			
1997	^ -	6 =	4.4	0.0		2.2	0.7	0.7	
December	0.7	0.7	1.1	0.9	1.0	0.3	0.5	0.5	0.8
1998		4.0	0 =						
March	1.0	1.0	0.5	0.6	1.2	0.9	0.7	0.8	0.9
June	0.3	0.4	0.6	0.4	0.5	0.4	0.5	0.3	0.4
September	1.2	1.1	0.9	1.4	0.9	0.9	1.1	0.9	1.1
December	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.4	0.3	0.6
1999	a =		0.0	0.0	c =		0 =	0.0	
March	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.9	0.7	0.9	0.7
June	0.6	0.7	0.6	0.1	0.7	0.7	0.4	0.6	0.6
September	1.3	1.0	1.0	1.1	0.7	0.8	1.0	1.5	1.0
December	0.4	0.7	0.6	0.7	0.4	0.5	0.4	0.3	0.5
2000 Marah	^ 7	0.7	0.5	0.0	6.7	0.5	0.5	0.0	۰-
March	0.7	0.7	0.5	0.8	0.7	0.5	0.5	0.9	0.7

⁽a) Base of each index: September Quarter 1997 = 100.0

TOTAL HOURLY RATES OF PAY EXCLUDING BONUSES, Public Sector

Period	New South Wales	h Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Northern Territory	Australian Capital Territory	Australia
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	INDEX N	UMBERS(a)	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • •
4007 4000	404.4	101.1	101.0		100.0	100.0	100.1	100.0	404.0
1997–1998 1998–1999	101.4 106.7	101.1 104.3	101.3 104.5	101.1 103.9	100.9 103.8	100.6 103.3	102.1 105.3	100.6 103.9	101.2 105.0
1997									
September	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
December	101.0	100.8	100.5	100.7	100.5	100.5	102.4	100.1	100.7
1998									
March	102.1	101.5	102.1	101.8	101.1	100.7	102.9	100.9	101.7
June	102.4	101.9	102.4	102.0	101.9	101.1	103.0	101.3	102.2
September	104.8	103.2	103.3	102.9	103.0	102.2	103.5	103.0	103.7
December	105.4	103.8	104.3	103.5	103.3	102.7	105.5	103.5	104.3
1999	400.0	1010	405.0	4045	1010	400.0	100.1	1011	405.0
March June	108.2	104.9	105.0	104.5	104.0	103.8	106.1	104.4	105.9
September	108.5 109.0	105.1 106.0	105.3 107.4	104.8	105.0 105.6	104.3 105.7	106.1 106.5	104.5	106.2 107.2
December	109.3	106.0	107.4	106.3 107.4	105.6	105.7	108.5	105.4 105.8	107.2
2000	109.5	100.9	106.4	107.4	100.5	100.1	106.5	105.6	107.9
March	109.9	107.6	108.9	107.8	107.6	106.5	108.7	106.3	108.5
	Р	ERCENTAG	E CHANGE (fi	rom previo	ous financia	al year)			
1998–1999	5.2	3.2	3.2	2.8	2.9	2.7	3.1	3.3	3.8
2000 2000	5.2						0.1	0.0	0.0
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	PERCENTA		GE (from corr			f nrevious v	ear)	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • •
	, English,	(al 01)/((t	aL (110111 0011	ooponam	5 quartor or	provious y	oui,		
1999									
March	6.0	3.3	2.8	2.7	2.9	3.1	3.1	3.5	4.1
2000									
March	1.6	2.6	3.7	3.2	3.5	2.6	2.5	1.8	2.5
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • •	PERCENT	AGE CHANGE	f (from pr	evious quai	rter)	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • •
			7.02 0	- (.	orrono qua.	,			
1997	4.0	0.0	0.5	0.7	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.1	٥-
December	1.0	0.8	0.5	0.7	0.5	0.5	2.4	0.1	0.7
1998	1.1	0.7	1.6	1 1	0.6	0.0	0.5	0.0	1.0
March June	1.1 0.3	0.7 0.4	1.6 0.3	1.1 0.2	0.6	0.2 0.4	0.5 0.1	0.8 0.4	1.0 0.5
September	2.3	1.3	0.5	0.2	0.8 1.1	1.1	0.5	1.7	1.5
December	0.6	0.6	1.0	0.9	0.3	0.5	1.9	0.5	0.6
1999	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.5	0.5	1.5	0.5	0.0
March	2.7	1.1	0.7	1.0	0.7	1.1	0.6	0.9	1.5
June	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.3	1.0	0.5	0.0	0.1	0.3
September	0.5	0.9	2.0	1.4	0.6	1.3	0.4	0.9	0.9
December	0.3	0.8	0.9	1.0	0.9	0.4	1.9	0.4	0.7
2000									*
March	0.5	0.7	0.5	0.4	1.0	0.4	0.2	0.5	0.6
iviaiGii	0.0	0.1	v.5	0.4	1.0	0.4	∪.∠	v.s	0. 0

⁽a) Base of each index: September Quarter 1997 = 100.0



	FINANCIAL YEAR		QUARTER							
Industry	1997– 1998	1998– 1999	Mar Qtr 1999	Jun Qtr 1999	Sep Qtr 1999	Dec Qtr 1999	Mar Qtr 2000			
	• • • • • • • •	PRIVA	TE	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • •			
Mining	101.0	103.7	104.0	105.0	105.7	106.1	106.7			
Manufacturing	101.5	104.8	105.1	105.8	106.8	107.4	108.1			
Electricity, gas and water supply	101.2	104.5	105.4	106.1	106.9	107.5	108.4			
Construction	101.6	105.0	105.2	105.9	106.7	107.3	108.6			
Wholesale trade	100.8	103.5	103.7	104.2	105.3	105.9	106.6			
Retail trade	101.0	103.3	103.7	104.0	104.8	105.4	106.1			
Accommodation, cafes and restaurants	101.1	103.3	103.7	103.9	105.0	105.6	106.0			
Transport and storage	101.1	103.7	104.1	104.5	105.7	106.2	106.6			
Communication services	100.4	102.9	102.9	103.4	106.4	106.5	107.8			
Finance and insurance	101.5	105.0	105.2	106.2	107.4	107.9	108.9			
Property and business services	101.2	104.4	104.7	105.4	107.5	108.1	108.7			
Education	100.8	103.8	104.3	105.0	105.7	106.1	107.6			
Health and community services	100.7	104.2	104.7	105.2	105.9	106.3	106.7			
Cultural and recreational services	100.9	103.2	103.5	103.7	104.3	104.6	105.7			
Personal and other services	100.7	102.8	102.9	103.8	104.8	105.4	105.6			
All industries	101.2	104.2	104.5	105.1	106.2	106.7	107.5			
nunua										
		PUBLI	C							
Government administration and defence	100.9	104.7	105.5	105.7	106.8	107.7	108.0			
Education	101.3	105.3	106.1	106.5	107.4	107.9	108.1			
Health and community services	101.8	106.4	107.4	107.5	108.8	109.5	109.8			
Cultural and recreational services	101.0	105.1	105.7	106.0	106.9	107.1	107.4			
Personal and other services	101.0	105.5	106.5	106.9	108.2	108.8	110.3			
All industries(b)	101.2	105.0	105.9	106.2	107.2	107.9	108.5			
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	DDN/ATE AND		• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • •			
		PRIVATE AND	PUBLIC							
Mining	101.0	103.7	104.0	105.0	105.7	106.1	106.7			
Manufacturing	101.5	104.8	105.1	105.8	106.9	107.4	108.1			
Electricity, gas and water supply	101.5	104.6	105.2	106.1	107.2	108.1	109.4			
Construction	101.6	105.1	105.3	106.0	106.8	107.5	108.8			
Wholesale trade	100.8	103.5	103.7	104.2	105.3	105.9	106.6			
Retail trade	101.0	103.3	103.7	104.0	104.8	105.4	106.1			
Accommodation, cafes and restaurants	101.1	103.3	103.7	103.9	105.0	105.6	106.0			
Transport and storage	101.0	103.7	104.1	104.6	105.6	106.1	106.6			
Communication services	100.7	102.9	104.2	104.2	105.4	106.2	107.9			
Finance and insurance	101.5	105.0	105.3	106.2	107.4	107.9	108.9			
Property and business services Government administration and defence	101.1	104.5	104.9	105.5	107.6	108.2	108.7			
	100.9	104.7	105.5	105.7	106.8	107.7	108.0			
Education Health and community services	101.1	104.8	105.5	106.0	106.9	107.3 107.7	107.9			
Cultural and recreational services	101.2 100.9	105.2 103.8	105.9 104.2	106.2 104.5	107.2 105.2	107.7 105.4	108.0 106.3			
Personal and other services	100.9	103.8	104.5	104.5	106.3	106.9	100.3			
All industries	101.2	104.4	104.8	105.4	106.4	107.0	107.7			

⁽a) Base of each index: September Quarter 1997 = 100.0

⁽b) Includes Mining, Manufacturing, Electricity, gas and water supply, Construction, Wholesale trade, Retail trade, Accommodation, cafes and restaurants, Transport and storage, Communication services, Finance and insurance, Property and business services.



	FROM PREVIOUS	QUARTE	CORRESPONDING OF PREVIOUS	EDOM (FROM PREVIOUS QUARTER			
	FINANCIAL YEAR	TEAK		FROW F	REVIOUS	QUARTER		
Industry	1998– 1999	Mar Qtr 1999	Mar Qtr 2000	Jun Qtr 1999	Sep Qtr 1999	Dec Qtr 1999	Mar Qtr 2000	
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		• • • • • •			
		PRIVATE						
Mining	2.7	2.6	2.6	1.0	0.7	0.4	0.6	
Manufacturing	3.3	2.8	2.9	0.7	0.9	0.6	0.7	
Electricity, gas and water supply	3.3	3.5	2.8	0.7	0.8	0.6	0.8	
Construction	3.3	2.7	3.2	0.7	0.8	0.6	1.2	
Wholesale trade	2.7	2.5	2.8	0.5	1.1	0.6	0.7	
Retail trade	2.3	2.4	2.3	0.3	0.8	0.6	0.7	
Accommodation, cafes and restaurants	2.2	2.0	2.2	0.2	1.1	0.6	0.4	
Transport and storage	2.6	2.6	2.4	0.4	1.1	0.5	0.4	
Communication services	2.5	2.4	4.8	0.5	2.9	0.1	1.2	
Finance and insurance	3.4	2.9	3.5	1.0	1.1	0.5	0.9	
Property and business services	3.2	2.7	3.8	0.7	2.0	0.6	0.6	
Education	3.0	3.1	3.2	0.7	0.7	0.4	1.4	
Health and community services	3.5	3.7	1.9	0.5	0.7	0.4	0.4	
Cultural and recreational services	2.3	2.3	2.1	0.2	0.6	0.3	1.1	
Personal and other services	2.1	1.9	2.6	0.9	1.0	0.6	0.2	
All industries	3.0	2.8	2.9	0.6	1.0	0.5	0.7	
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •						
		PUBLIC						
Government administration and defence	3.8	4.1	2.4	0.2	1.0	8.0	0.3	
Education	3.9	4.0	1.9	0.4	0.8	0.5	0.2	
Health and community services	4.5	4.7	2.2	0.1	1.2	0.6	0.3	
Cultural and recreational services	4.1	4.4	1.6	0.3	0.8	0.2	0.3	
Personal and other services	4.5	4.6	3.6	0.4	1.2	0.6	1.4	
All industries(a)	3.8	4.1	2.5	0.3	0.9	0.7	0.6	
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • •	• • • •	
	PRIV	ATE AND PU	BLIC					
Mining	2.7	2.6	2.6	1.0	0.7	0.4	0.6	
Manufacturing	3.3	2.8	2.9	0.7	1.0	0.5	0.7	
Electricity, gas and water supply	3.1	2.9	4.0	0.9	1.0	0.8	1.2	
Construction	3.4	2.9	3.3	0.7	0.8	0.7	1.2	
Wholesale trade	2.7	2.5	2.8	0.5	1.1	0.6	0.7	
Retail trade	2.3	2.4	2.3	0.3	0.8	0.6	0.7	
Accommodation, cafes and restaurants	2.2	2.0	2.2	0.2	1.1	0.6	0.4	
Transport and storage	2.7	2.6	2.4	0.5	1.0	0.5	0.5	
Communication services	2.2	3.4	3.6	0.0	1.2	0.8	1.6	
Finance and insurance	3.4	3.0	3.4	0.9	1.1	0.5	0.9	
Property and business services	3.4	3.0	3.6	0.6	2.0	0.6	0.5	
Government administration and defence	3.8	4.1	2.4	0.2	1.0	0.8	0.3	
Education	3.7	3.7	2.3	0.2	0.8	0.4	0.6	
Health and community services	4.0	4.1	2.0	0.3	0.9	0.5	0.3	
Cultural and recreational services	2.9	3.0	2.0	0.3	0.9	0.2	0.9	
Personal and other services	3.1	3.1	3.1	0.7	1.0	0.6	0.7	
All industries	3.2	3.0	2.8	0.6	0.9	0.6	0.7	
		-		-	•			

⁽a) Includes Mining, Manufacturing, Electricity, gas and water supply, Construction, Wholesale trade, Retail trade, Accommodation, cafes and restaurants, Transport and storage, Communication services, Finance and insurance, Property and business services.

	FINANCIAL	YEAR	QUARTER.				
	1997–	1998-	Mar Qtr	Jun Qtr	Sep Qtr	Dec Qtr	Mar Qtr
Occupation	1998	1999	1999	1999	1999	1999	2000
•••••	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • •
		PRIVATE					
Managers and administrators	101.6	104.9	105.1	106.0	107.2	107.6	108.5
Professionals	101.2	104.8	105.2	106.0	107.1	107.6	108.1
Associate professionals	101.3	104.0	104.3	104.8	105.8	106.4	107.3
Tradespersons and related workers	101.3	104.4	104.8	105.2	106.3	106.8	107.6
Advanced clerical and service workers	101.0	104.1	104.4	105.0	106.4	106.8	107.0
Intermediate clerical, sales and service workers	101.0	103.4	103.7	104.2	105.3	106.1	106.7
Intermediate production and transport workers	101.1	104.1	104.4	104.9	105.7	106.2	106.9
Elementary clerical, sales and service workers	100.8	103.2	103.6	103.9	104.8	105.3	105.9
Labourers and related workers	101.2	103.9	104.3	104.7	105.8	106.3	106.8
All occupations	101.2	104.2	104.5	105.1	106.2	106.7	107.5
•••••	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • •
		PUBLIC					
Managers and administrators	101.1	104.7	105.5	105.7	106.7	107.8	108.2
Professionals	101.1	105.2	106.1	106.4	107.3	107.9	108.2
Associate professionals	101.1	105.2	106.2	106.5	107.6	108.3	109.3
Tradespersons and related workers	101.3	104.4	105.0	105.7	106.7	107.5	108.6
Advanced clerical and service workers	101.9	106.6	107.4	107.5	108.2	109.1	109.6
Intermediate clerical, sales and service workers	101.1	105.0	105.9	106.2	107.3	108.0	108.5
Intermediate production and transport workers	101.2	104.6	105.4	105.6	106.2	106.9	107.7
Elementary clerical, sales and service workers	101.6	105.0	105.3	105.6	108.1	108.3	109.9
Labourers and related workers	102.1	106.4	107.0	107.4	108.3	109.3	109.8
All occupations	101.2	105.0	105.9	106.2	107.2	107.9	108.5
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •		• • • • • • • •	
	İ	PRIVATE AND PUBL	-IC				
Managers and administrators	101.5	104.8	105.2	105.9	107.1	107.7	108.5
Professionals	101.2	104.9	105.5	106.2	107.2	107.7	108.2
Associate professionals	101.2	104.4	104.9	105.3	106.3	106.9	107.9
Tradespersons and related workers	101.3	104.4	104.8	105.2	106.4	106.9	107.7
Advanced clerical and service workers	101.1	104.5	104.8	105.3	106.6	107.1	107.3
Intermediate clerical, sales and service workers	101.0	103.8	104.2	104.7	105.8	106.6	107.2
Intermediate production and transport workers	101.1	104.1	104.5	105.0	105.7	106.3	107.0
Elementary clerical, sales and service workers	101.0	103.6	103.9	104.3	105.5	106.0	106.7
Labourers and related workers	101.3	104.3	104.7	105.1	106.1	106.7	107.2
All occupations	101.2	104.4	104.8	105.4	106.4	107.0	107.7

⁽a) Base of each index: September Quarter 1997 = 100.0



	FROM PREVIOUS FINANCIAL YEAR	QUARTE	ORRESPONDING R OF PREVIOUS	FROM PREVIOUS QUARTER			
	1998–	Mar Qtr	Mar Qtr	Jun Qtr	Sep Qtr	Dec Qtr	Mar Qtr
Occupation	1999	1999	2000	1999	1999	1999	2000
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • •	• • • • • •
	PR	IVATE					
Managers and administrators	3.2	2.7	3.2	0.9	1.1	0.4	0.8
Professionals	3.6	3.2	2.8	0.8	1.0	0.5	0.5
Associate professionals	2.7	2.5	2.9	0.5	1.0	0.6	0.8
Tradespersons and related workers	3.1	2.8	2.7	0.4	1.0	0.5	0.7
Advanced clerical and service workers	3.1	3.0	2.5	0.6	1.3	0.4	0.2
Intermediate clerical, sales and service workers	2.4	2.3	2.9	0.5	1.1	0.8	0.6
Intermediate production and transport workers	3.0	2.9	2.4	0.5	0.8	0.5	0.7
Elementary clerical, sales and service workers	2.4	2.6	2.2	0.3	0.9	0.5	0.6
Labourers and related workers	2.7	2.6	2.4	0.4	1.1	0.5	0.5
All occupations	3.0	2.8	2.9	0.6	1.0	0.5	0.7
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			• • • • • • •			
	PU	IBLIC					
Managers and administrators	3.6	3.8	2.6	0.2	0.9	1.0	0.4
Professionals	4.1	4.3	2.0	0.3	0.8	0.6	0.3
Associate professionals	4.1	4.3	2.9	0.3	1.0	0.7	0.9
Tradespersons and related workers	3.1	2.9	3.4	0.7	0.9	0.7	1.0
Advanced clerical and service workers	4.6	4.5	2.0	0.1	0.7	0.8	0.5
Intermediate clerical, sales and service workers	3.9	4.1	2.5	0.3	1.0	0.7	0.5
Intermediate production and transport workers	3.4	3.5	2.2	0.2	0.6	0.7	0.7
Elementary clerical, sales and service workers	3.3	3.3	4.4	0.3	2.4	0.2	1.5
Labourers and related workers	4.2	3.8	2.6	0.4	8.0	0.9	0.5
All occupations	3.8	4.1	2.5	0.3	0.9	0.7	0.6
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		• • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • •		• • • • •
	PRIVATE /	AND PUBLI	С				
Managers and administrators	3.3	3.0	3.1	0.7	1.1	0.6	0.7
Professionals	3.7	3.6	2.6	0.7	0.9	0.5	0.5
Associate professionals	3.2	3.0	2.9	0.4	0.9	0.6	0.9
Tradespersons and related workers	3.1	2.8	2.8	0.4	1.1	0.5	0.7
Advanced clerical and service workers	3.4	3.1	2.4	0.5	1.2	0.5	0.2
Intermediate clerical, sales and service workers	2.8	2.7	2.9	0.5	1.1	8.0	0.6
Intermediate production and transport workers	3.0	2.9	2.4	0.5	0.7	0.6	0.7
Elementary clerical, sales and service workers	2.6	2.7	2.7	0.4	1.2	0.5	0.7
Labourers and related workers	3.0	2.7	2.4	0.4	1.0	0.6	0.5
All occupations	3.2	3.0	2.8	0.6	0.9	0.6	0.7

ORDINARY TIME HOURLY RATES OF PAY EXCLUDING BONUSES

Period	New South Wales	n Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Northern Territory	Australian Capital Territory	Australia
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	INDEX N	NUMBERS((a)	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • •
100= 1000	404.0	404.4				400 =	101.0	400 =	
1997–1998 1998–1999	101.2 104.7	101.1 104.1	101.2 104.2	101.1 104.1	101.4 104.4	100.7 103.5	101.3 104.3	100.7 103.6	101.2 104.4
1997									
September	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
December	100.7	100.7	100.9	100.8	100.9	100.4	101.2	100.2	100.8
1998	101.0	404.0	404 =	404 =	400.0	404.4	404.0		
March	101.8	101.6	101.7	101.5	102.0	101.1	101.8	101.1	101.7
June September	102.1 103.5	102.1 103.2	102.2 103.2	101.9 103.2	102.6 103.4	101.4 102.4	102.2 103.1	101.4 102.8	102.1 103.3
December	103.5	103.2	104.0	103.2	103.4	102.4	103.1	102.8	103.9
1999	104.1	100.0	104.0	100.5	104.0	100.0	104.1	100.2	100.5
March	105.3	104.5	104.6	104.6	104.8	104.0	104.8	104.1	104.8
June	105.9	105.0	105.1	104.8	105.5	104.6	105.1	104.4	105.4
September	107.0	106.1	106.4	106.0	106.2	105.5	105.9	105.6	106.4
December	107.4	106.7	107.1	106.8	106.7	106.0	106.8	106.0	107.0
2000									
March	108.1	107.5	107.7	107.5	107.6	106.5	107.2	106.6	107.7
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • •
		PERCENTA	GE CHANGE (from previ	ous financia	al year)			
1998–1999	3.5	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	2.8	3.0	2.9	3.2
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			105 (6			• • • • • • •		• • • • • • •	• • • • • •
	PERCEN	TAGE CHAP	NGE (from cor	respondin	g quarter of	previous ye	ear)		
1999									
March	3.4	2.9	2.9	3.1	2.7	2.9	2.9	3.0	3.0
2000									
March	2.7	2.9	3.0	2.8	2.7	2.4	2.3	2.4	2.8
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • •	DEDOEN	ITAGE OUANG	F (6			• • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • •
		PERCEN	ITAGE CHANG	E (from pi	revious quai	ter)			
1997									
December	0.7	0.7	0.9	8.0	0.9	0.4	1.2	0.2	0.8
1998									
March	1.1	0.9	0.8	0.7	1.1	0.7	0.6	0.9	0.9
June	0.3	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.6	0.3	0.4	0.3	0.4
September	1.4	1.1	1.0	1.3	0.8	1.0	0.9	1.4	1.2
December 1999	0.6	0.6	0.8	0.7	0.6	0.6	1.0	0.4	0.6
March	1.2	0.7	0.6	0.7	0.8	1.0	0.7	0.9	0.9
June	0.6	0.7	0.5	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.3	0.3	0.6
September	1.0	1.0	1.2	1.1	0.7	0.9	0.8	1.1	0.9
December	0.4	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.5	0.5	0.8	0.4	0.6
2000									
March	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.5	0.4	0.6	0.7

⁽a) Base of each index: September Quarter 1997 = 100.0



	FINANCI	AL YEAR	QUARTER							
Industry	1997– 1998	1998– 1999	Mar Qtr 1999	Jun Qtr 1999	Sep Qtr 1999	Dec Qtr 1999	Mar Qtr 2000			
	• • • • • • • •	PRIVAT	 Е	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • •			
Mining	101.0	103.7	104.0	105.0	105.7	106.1	106.6			
Manufacturing	101.5	104.9	105.2	105.9	106.8	107.4	108.2			
Electricity, gas and water supply	101.3	104.7	105.6	106.2	107.0	107.7	108.6			
Construction	101.6	104.8	105.1	105.7	106.5	107.1	108.5			
Wholesale trade	100.8	103.5	103.7	104.2	105.3	105.9	106.6			
Retail trade	101.0	103.3	103.7	104.1	104.8	105.5	106.2			
Accommodation, cafes and restaurants	101.1	103.4	103.7	104.0	105.1	105.7	106.0			
Transport and storage	101.1	103.8	104.2	104.6	105.8	106.2	106.6			
Communication services	100.4	103.0	102.9	103.4	106.4	106.5	107.8			
Finance and insurance	101.5	105.0	105.3	106.2	107.4	107.9	108.9			
Property and business services	101.2	104.4	104.7	105.4	107.5	108.1	108.8			
Education	100.8	103.8	104.3	105.0	105.7	106.1	107.6			
Health and community services	100.7	104.2	104.7	105.1	105.9	106.3	106.7			
Cultural and recreational services	100.8	103.2	103.4	103.7	104.2	104.5	105.7			
Personal and other services	100.7	102.7	102.9	103.8	104.7	105.4	105.6			
All industries	101.2	104.2	104.5	105.1	106.2	106.7	107.5			
		PUBLI	С							
Government administration and defence	100.8	104.7	105.4	105.7	106.7	107.6	108.0			
Education	101.3	105.3	106.1	106.5	107.5	107.9	108.1			
Health and community services	101.8	106.4	107.4	107.5	108.7	109.5	109.7			
Cultural and recreational services	101.0	105.1	105.7	106.0	107.0	107.1	107.4			
Personal and other services	101.0	105.5	106.5	106.9	108.2	108.8	110.4			
All industries(b)	101.1	105.0	105.9	106.2	107.2	107.9	108.5			
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •			• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • •			
		PRIVATE AND	PUBLIC							
Mining	101.0	103.7	104.0	105.0	105.7	106.1	106.7			
Manufacturing	101.5	104.9	105.2	105.9	106.9	107.4	108.2			
Electricity, gas and water supply	101.5	104.7	105.3	106.2	107.3	108.2	109.5			
Construction	101.6	104.9	105.1	105.9	106.7	107.3	108.6			
Wholesale trade	100.8	103.5	103.7	104.2	105.3	105.9	106.6			
Retail trade	101.0	103.3	103.7	104.0	104.8	105.4	106.2			
Accommodation, cafes and restaurants	101.1	103.4	103.7	104.0	105.1	105.7	106.1			
Transport and storage	101.0	103.8	104.2	104.7	105.6	106.0	106.6			
Communication services	100.7	102.9	104.2	104.2	105.4	106.1	107.9			
Finance and insurance	101.5	105.0	105.3	106.2	107.4	107.9	108.9			
Property and business services	101.1	104.5	104.9	105.5	107.6	108.2	108.7			
Government administration and defence	100.8	104.7	105.4	105.7	106.7	107.6	108.0			
Education	101.1	104.9	105.6	106.0	106.9	107.3	107.9			
Health and community services	101.2	105.1	105.9	106.2	107.1	107.7	108.0			
Cultural and recreational services Personal and other services	100.9 100.9	103.8 104.0	104.2 104.5	104.4 105.2	105.1 106.3	105.4 106.9	106.2 107.7			
All industries	101.2	104.4	104.8	105.4	106.4	107.0	107.7			

⁽a) Base of each index: September Quarter 1997 = 100.0

⁽b) Includes Mining, Manufacturing, Electricity, gas and water supply, Construction, Wholesale trade, Retail trade, Accommodation, cafes and restaurants, Transport and storage, Communication services, Finance and insurance, Property and business services.

	FROM PREVIOUS FINANCIAL YEAR	FROM CORRESPONDING QUARTER OF PREVIOUS YEAR		FROM F	PREVIOUS	JS QUARTER		
Industry	1998– 1999	Mar Qtr 1999	Mar Qtr 2000	Jun Qtr 1999	Sep Qtr 1999	Dec Qtr 1999	Mar Qtr 2000	
••••••••••		PRIVATE	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	•••••	• • • • •	
Mining	2.7	2.6	2.5	1.0	0.7	0.4	0.5	
Manufacturing	3.3	3.0	2.9	0.7	8.0	0.6	0.7	
Electricity, gas and water supply	3.4	3.6	2.8	0.6	8.0	0.7	8.0	
Construction	3.1	2.7	3.2	0.6	8.0	0.6	1.3	
Wholesale trade	2.7	2.5	2.8	0.5	1.1	0.6	0.7	
Retail trade	2.3	2.4	2.4	0.4	0.7	0.7	0.7	
Accommodation, cafes and restaurants	2.3	2.0	2.2	0.3	1.1	0.6	0.3	
Transport and storage	2.7	2.7	2.3	0.4	1.1	0.4	0.4	
Communication services	2.6	2.4	4.8	0.5	2.9	0.1	1.2	
Finance and insurance	3.4	3.0	3.4	0.9	1.1	0.5	0.9	
Property and business services	3.2	2.7	3.9	0.7	2.0	0.6	0.6	
Education Health and community services	3.0 3.5	3.1 3.7	3.2 1.9	0.7 0.4	0.7 0.8	0.4 0.4	1.4 0.4	
Cultural and recreational services	2.4	2.3	2.2	0.4	0.5	0.4	1.1	
Personal and other services	2.0	1.9	2.6	0.9	0.5	0.3	0.2	
r craonar and other acryloca	2.0	1.5	2.0	0.5	0.5	0.1	0.2	
All industries	3.0	2.8	2.9	0.6	1.0	0.5	0.7	
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	DUDUO	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • •	• • • •	
		PUBLIC						
Government administration and defence	3.9	4.0	2.5	0.3	0.9	0.8	0.4	
Education	3.9	4.0	1.9	0.4	0.9	0.4	0.2	
Health and community services	4.5	4.7	2.1	0.1	1.1	0.7	0.2	
Cultural and recreational services	4.1	4.4	1.6	0.3	0.9	0.1	0.3	
Personal and other services	4.5	4.6	3.7	0.4	1.2	0.6	1.5	
All industries(a)	3.9	4.1	2.5	0.3	0.9	0.7	0.6	
		• • • • • • •		• • • • • • •			• • • • •	
	PRIVA ⁻	TE AND PUE	BLIC					
Mining	2.7	2.6	2.6	1.0	0.7	0.4	0.6	
Manufacturing	3.3	3.0	2.9	0.7	0.9	0.5	0.7	
Electricity, gas and water supply	3.2	3.0	4.0	0.9	1.0	0.8	1.2	
Construction Wholesale trade	3.2 2.7	2.7	3.3	0.8	0.8 1.1	0.6 0.6	1.2	
		2.5	2.8	0.5			0.7	
Retail trade Accommodation, cafes and restaurants	2.3 2.3	2.4 2.0	2.4 2.3	0.3 0.3	0.8 1.1	0.6 0.6	0.8 0.4	
Transport and storage	2.8	2.7	2.3	0.5	0.9	0.6	0.4	
Communication services	2.2	3.5	3.6	0.0	1.2	0.7	1.7	
Finance and insurance	3.4	3.0	3.4	0.9	1.1	0.5	0.9	
Property and business services	3.4	3.0	3.6	0.6	2.0	0.6	0.5	
Government administration and defence	3.9	4.0	2.5	0.3	0.9	0.8	0.4	
Education	3.8	3.8	2.2	0.4	0.8	0.4	0.6	
Health and community services	3.9	4.1	2.0	0.3	0.8	0.6	0.3	
Cultural and recreational services	2.9	3.1	1.9	0.2	0.7	0.3	0.8	
Personal and other services	3.1	3.1	3.1	0.7	1.0	0.6	0.7	
All industries	3.2	3.0	2.8	0.6	0.9	0.6	0.7	

⁽a) Includes Mining, Manufacturing, Electricity, gas and water supply, Construction, Wholesale trade, Retail trade, Accommodation, cafes and restaurants, Transport and storage, Communication services, Finance and insurance, Property and business services.

	ORDINARY TIME HOURLY RATES		TOTAL HOURLY RATES			
Period	Private	Public	Private and public	Private	Public	Private and public
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•••••		NDEX NUMBERS(a)	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •
1997–1998	101.2	101.2	101.2	101.2	101.2	101.2
1998–1999	104.2	105.0	104.4	104.2	105.1	104.4
1997						
September	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
December	100.8	100.8	100.8	100.8	100.8	100.8
1998						
March	101.7	101.8	101.7	101.8	101.8	101.8
June	102.2	102.2	102.2	102.2	102.2	102.2
September	103.3	103.7	103.4	103.3	103.7	103.4
December	103.9	104.3	104.0	103.9	104.4	104.0
1999	200.0	20	200	200.0	20	20
March	104.5	105.9	104.9	104.5	105.9	104.9
June	105.2	106.2	105.4	105.2	106.2	105.4
September	106.3	107.3	106.5	106.2	107.3	106.5
December	106.9	108.1	107.2	106.9	108.1	107.2
2000	100.0	100.1	101.2	100.0	100.1	101.2
March	107.6	108.7	107.9	107.6	108.7	107.9
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •				• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •
	PER	RCENTAGE CHA	ANGE (from previous f	inancial year)		
1998–1999	3.0	3.8	3.2	3.0	3.9	3.2
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			om corresponding qua		• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •
	FERCENTAG	L CHANGE (II	on corresponding qua	inter of previous year)		
1999						
March	2.8	4.0	3.1	2.7	4.0	3.0
2000						
March	3.0	2.6	2.9	3.0	2.6	2.9
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		CHANGE (from previou	us quarter)	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •
1007			` '	, ,		
1997 December	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8
1998	0.0	0.6	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8
March	0.9	1.0	0.9	1.0	1.0	1.0
						1.0
June	0.5	0.4	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.4
September December	1.1 0.6	1.5 0.6	1.2 0.6	1.1	1.5	1.2
	0.6	0.6	0.0	0.6	0.7	0.6
1999 March	0.6	4 =	0.9	0.0	4 4	0.0
March		1.5		0.6	1.4	0.9
June	0.7	0.3	0.5	0.7	0.3	0.5
September December	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
2000	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7
March	0.7	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.7

⁽a) Base of each index: September Quarter 1997 = 100.0

EXPLANATORY NOTES

INTRODUCTION

- 1 This publication contains indexes measuring quarterly changes in wage and salary costs for employee jobs. These indexes were compiled for the first time for the December quarter 1997 (with a base of September quarter 1997 = 100.0).
- **2** The methodology used to construct the component indexes of the Wage Cost Index (WCI) is similar to that used for other price indexes such as the Consumer Price Index. In the WCI, index numbers are compiled from hourly wage and salary rates of pay for a representative sample of employee jobs within a sample of employing organisations. Individual indexes are compiled for various combinations of State/Territory, sector (private/public), broad industry group and broad occupation group. For more detailed information on the methodology used in the construction of the WCI, refer to Information Paper: Wage Cost Index, Australia, 2000 (Cat. no. 6346.0).

PUBLISHED INDEXES

- **3** There are four sets of quarterly base-period weighted indexes in this publication:
 - ordinary time hourly rates of pay—excluding bonuses;
 - ordinary time hourly rates of pay—including bonuses;
 - total hourly rates of pay—excluding bonuses; and
 - total hourly rates of pay—including bonuses.

The four component sets of indexes together comprise the WCI.

DESIGN OF THE INDEXES

- BROAD DESCRIPTION 4 The WCI is a price index which measures changes over time in wage and salary costs for employee jobs, unaffected by changes in the quality or quantity of work performed. Changes in wages and salaries resulting from changes in the composition of the labour market are excluded from the WCI movements. This is achieved by combining average price movements for each segment of the labour market (defined by State/Territory, sector, industry and occupation) using expenditure weights that remain constant between successive weighting base periods.
 - **5** Every effort is made to price jobs in the sample to constant quality. Price determining characteristics of the jobs are detailed in fixed pricing specifications, and any changes in wage and salary payments due to changes in the pricing specifications are removed from index movements. The following are examples of changes in price determining characteristics which are not reflected in index movements:
 - changes in the nature of work performed (e.g. different tasks or responsibilities);
 - changes in the quantity of work performed (e.g. the number of hours worked);
 - changes in the characteristics of the job occupant (e.g. age, apprenticeship year, successful completion of training or a qualification, grade or level, experience, length of service, fitness, etc.); and
 - changes in location where the work is performed.

Identifying and measuring quality changes for jobs can be difficult. However, in the WCI, a range of procedures has been developed to achieve this, and to ensure that only pure price changes are reflected in the indexes.

6 The *ordinary time* indexes that *exclude* bonuses measure quarterly changes in ordinary time hourly wage and salary rates. Changes in rates of pay reflected in these indexes (i.e. pure price changes) arise from a range of sources including award variations, enterprise and workplace agreements, centralised wage fixation, individual contracts and informal arrangements.

continued

- BROAD DESCRIPTION 7 These indexes are not affected by changes in penalty payments (which fluctuate depending on the number of hours paid at penalty rates), changes in allowances (which fluctuate according to how much work is performed under special work conditions e.g. height, dirt, heat allowances) or changes in bonus payments (which may, or may not, relate to an individual's work performance). Specifically, the following costs are excluded when computing ordinary time hourly wage and salary rates:
 - penalty payments for overtime, shifts, weekends and public holidays;
 - ordinary time and overtime allowances; and
 - bonus payments.

The effect of rolling ordinary time penalty payments and allowances into ordinary time hourly rates is excluded from these indexes. However, when overtime penalty payments are rolled into ordinary time hourly rates, the ordinary time indexes will increase accordingly.

- 8 The total bourly indexes that exclude bonuses are based on a weighted combination of ordinary time hourly rates (described in paragraphs 6 and 7) and overtime hourly rates. The total hourly rates reflect changes in ordinary time hourly rates as well as changes in overtime hourly rates. The effect of changes in the amount of overtime paid at each overtime rate is not shown in these indexes except when overtime penalty payments are rolled into ordinary time hourly rates. When this occurs, the increase in the ordinary time hourly rate will tend to be offset by the elimination of the higher overtime hourly rate, leaving the total hourly indexes largely unchanged.
- **9** Only those indexes that *exclude* bonuses are pure price indexes. This is because bonus payments tend to reflect changes in the quality of work performed.

- SCOPE AND COVERAGE 10 The target population of employers for the WCI is all employing organisations in Australia (private and public sectors) except:
 - enterprises primarily engaged in agriculture, forestry or fishing;
 - private households employing staff; and
 - foreign embassies, consulates, etc.
 - **11** All *employee* jobs in the target population of employers are in scope of the WCI, except the following:
 - Australian permanent defence force jobs;
 - 'non-maintainable' jobs (i.e. jobs that are expected to be occupied for less than six months of a year); and
 - jobs for which wages and salaries are not determined by the Australian labour market (e.g. working proprietors of small incorporated enterprises, most employees of Community Development Employment Programs, jobs where the remuneration is set in a foreign country).
 - 12 As such, full-time, part-time, permanent, casual, managerial and non-managerial jobs are in scope of the WCI. Costs incurred by employers for work undertaken by self-employed persons such as consultants and subcontractors are out of scope of the WCI, as they do not relate to employee jobs.

- DATA COLLECTION 13 Information for the WCI is collected each quarter by mail questionnaires from a sample survey of approximately 4,100 private and public sector employers selected from the ABS Business Register. In the first quarter they participate in the survey, each employer selects a sample of jobs from their workplace(s) using sampling instructions provided by the ABS, and provides information for these jobs, including detailed pricing specifications. In subsequent quarters they are asked to provide details of payments made to the current occupants of these same jobs. It is essential that the same jobs are priced in successive quarters, whether the individual job occupants are the same or not. Approximately 19,000 matched jobs are priced each quarter from the selected employers.
 - 14 The sampling method retains the highest possible common sample of employers over time, and retains the same sampled jobs within those employers where possible. However, it is also necessary to ensure the WCI continues to be relevant and representative over time. For these reasons, the employer sample is refreshed annually (for the September quarter) in a way that ensures a high proportion of common selections while allowing new employers to be represented in the sample. Refreshing the sample also allows the ABS to control the length of time that small businesses in particular are included in the survey. The sample refresh coincides with updating of expenditure weights (see paragraph 16).
 - **15** Between each annual refresh of the employer sample, a small number of employee jobs will be lost from the survey sample because of the closure of some businesses. In addition, some jobs in continuing businesses will be replaced in the sample because of restructuring and other job changes.

- WEIGHTING 16 In the WCI, as with other price indexes, expenditure weights are used to combine elementary aggregate indexes into publication indexes. These weights are derived from independent estimates of total weekly wages and salaries for elementary aggregates. The weights are updated for the September quarter each year to take account of changing wage and salary expenditure patterns among the elementary aggregates. The first percentage changes that can be calculated using the updated weights will occur in respect of the December quarter each year. Updated expenditure weights reflect changes in the distribution of the number of employee jobs among occupations, industries, States/Territories and sectors, as well as changes in wage rate relativities. The Appendix shows the distribution of employers' expenditure on wages and salaries, for the September quarter 1999.
 - 17 To facilitate comparison of index numbers over time, the published indexes will not be rebased (i.e. reset) to 100.0 each time this reweighting occurs. This will provide a continuous series from the original base of September quarter 1997 = 100.0, while incorporating the updated expenditure weights.
 - **18** The published index numbers have been rounded to one decimal place, and the percentage changes (also rounded to one decimal place) are calculated from the rounded index numbers. In some cases, this can result in the percentage change for the total level of a group of indexes being outside the range of the percentage

changes for the component level indexes.

sectors, industries, or occupations.

PERCENTAGE CHANGE AND

ROUNDING

19 Index numbers in this publication measure changes in hourly rates of pay between the base period (September quarter 1997 = 100.0) and a later period. Index numbers cannot be compared across States/Territories as they do not provide comparative information on levels of hourly rates of pay. Similarly, index numbers cannot be compared across sectors, industries, or occupations. The usefulness of index numbers stems from the fact that index numbers for any two periods can be used to directly calculate the change or movement in hourly rates of pay between the two periods. These movements can be compared across States/Territories,

INTERPRETATION OF INDEX NUMBERS

- INDEX MOVEMENTS 20 Index numbers in this publication are constructed on a quarterly basis with a base of September quarter 1997 = 100.0. Movements in indexes from one period to another can be expressed either as changes in *index points* or as percentage changes. In this publication, percentage changes are calculated to illustrate three different kinds of movements in indexes:
 - movements between consecutive quarters;
 - movements between corresponding quarters of consecutive years; and
 - movements between consecutive financial years.

The following example illustrates the method of calculating changes in index points and percentage changes between any two periods:

Total hourly rates of pay excluding bonuses, Australia

Index numbers	
107.7	(see Table 1)
107.0	(see Table 1)
0.7	
0.7	
107.0	x 100 = 0.7%
	numbers 107.7 107.0 0.7

FINANCIAL YEAR INDEXES 21 Index numbers for financial years are calculated as simple (arithmetic) averages of the four quarterly index numbers for the financial year. As the Wage Cost Index was first published with a base of September quarter 1997 = 100.0, the first financial year index number that can be calculated is for 1997-1998. Consequently, the first percentage change between financial years that can be calculated is between 1997-1998 and 1998-1999. The following example illustrates the method of calculating financial year index numbers:

Total hourly rates of pay excluding bonuses, Australia

	Index numbers	
September quarter 1998	103.3	(see Table 1)
plus December quarter 1998	103.9	(see Table 1)
<i>plus</i> March quarter 1999	104.8	(see Table 1)
plus June quarter 1999	105.4	(see Table 1)
Financial year 1998–1999 =	417.4	= 104.4

Percentage changes between any two financial year index numbers can be calculated using the method outlined in paragraph 20 above.

REVISIONS TO INDEXES

22 Index numbers will be released as final figures at the time they are first published. Revisions will only occur in exceptional circumstances.

RELIABILITY OF THE INDEXES

- **23** Since the index numbers are based on information relating to a sample of employee jobs, they are subject to *sampling error*. That is, they may differ from figures that would have resulted had all the in-scope employee jobs in the labour market been included in the collection. Estimates of the magnitude of sampling error of index numbers will not be available until the WCI has been operating for a sufficient number of quarters to enable meaningful estimates to be calculated.
- **24** Inaccuracies in the data may also occur because of imperfections in reporting by respondents or in processing by the ABS. This kind of inaccuracy is referred to as *non-sampling error*. Every effort has been made to reduce non-sampling error, for example:
 - by careful design and testing of questionnaires and processing systems;
 - by providing instructions to employers on how to select a sample of employee jobs;
 - by detailed checking of completed survey forms; and
 - by instituting a range of procedures for ensuring that jobs are priced to constant quality.

RELATED PUBLICATIONS

25 Users may also wish to refer to the following publications which are available on request:

Information Paper: Wage Cost Index, Australia, 2000 (Cat. no. 6346.0)

Average Weekly Earnings, Australia, Preliminary (Cat. no. 6301.0)—issued quarterly

Average Weekly Earnings, States and Australia (Cat. no. 6302.0)—issued quarterly

26 Current publications produced by the ABS are listed in the *Catalogue of Publications and Products* (Cat. no. 1101.0). The ABS also issues, on Tuesdays and Fridays, a *Release Advice* (Cat. no. 1105.0) which lists publications to be released in the next few days. The Catalogue and Release Advice are available from any ABS office.

UNPUBLISHED STATISTICS

27 As well as the statistics included in this publication, the ABS may have other relevant unpublished data available. This information may be made available in one or more forms: photocopy, data tape, floppy disk, computer printout or clerically extracted tabulation. Generally, a charge is made for providing unpublished information. Inquiries should be made to Carrington Shepherd on Perth 08 9360 5151.

DISTRIBUTION OF EMPLOYERS' TOTAL EXPENDITURE ON WAGES AND SALARIES, SEPTEMBER QUARTER 1999

1 SECTOR BY STATE/TERRITORY

	Private	Public	Private and public
State/Territory	%	%	%
New South Wales	36.1	36.1	36.1
Victoria	27.1	19.1	25.1
Queensland	16.4	17.4	16.6
South Australia	6.5	7.9	6.8
Western Australia	10.0	9.0	9.8
Tasmania	1.8	2.7	2.0
Northern Territory	0.9	1.7	1.1
Australian Capital Territory	1.3	6.1	2.4
Australia(a)	100.0	100.0	100.0
(a) Components may not sum to 100.0 due to rounding.			

2 SECTOR BY BROAD OCCUPATION GROUP

	Private	Public	Private and public
Occupation(a)	%	%	%
Managers and administrators	14.2	10.9	13.4
Professionals	18.0	38.8	23.1
Associate professionals	12.5	15.7	13.3
Tradespersons and related workers	15.5	7.1	13.4
Advanced clerical and service workers	4.4	2.0	3.8
Intermediate clerical, sales and service workers	13.2	14.1	13.4
Intermediate production and transport workers	10.5	4.1	8.9
Elementary clerical, sales and service workers	5.4	4.3	5.1
Labourers and related workers	6.4	3.1	5.6
All occupations(b)	100.0	100.0	100.0

⁽a) Classified according to the Australian Standard Classification of Occupations (ASCO), Second Edition (Cat. no. 1220.0).

⁽b) Components may not sum to 100.0 due to rounding.

3 SECTOR BY BROAD INDUSTRY GROUP

	Private	Public	Private and public
Industry(a)	%	%	%
Mining	3.6	(b)	2.7
Manufacturing	21.0	(b)	15.9
Electricity, gas and water supply	0.8	(b)	1.3
Construction	8.2	(b)	6.5
Wholesale trade	9.4	(b)	7.1
Retail trade	11.8	(b)	8.9
Accommodation, cafes and restaurants	3.8	(b)	3.0
Transport and storage	5.7	(b)	5.5
Communication services	0.7	(b)	2.9
Finance and insurance	7.4	(b)	5.9
Property and business services	13.7	(b)	11.4
Government administration and defence		26.3	6.5
Education	3.1	22.0	7.8
Health and community services	6.8	17.1	9.4
Cultural and recreational services	1.7	2.6	1.9
Personal and other services	2.5	6.0	3.4
All industries(c)	100.0	100.0	100.0

^{..} not applicable

⁽a) Classified according to Australian and New Zealand Standard Industrial Classification (ANZSIC), 1993 (Cat. no. 1292.0).

⁽b) For the public sector, these industries are combined and included in the `All industries' total.

⁽c) Components may not sum to 100.0 due to rounding.

GLOSSARY

Base period The period for which an index series is given the value of 100.0.

Bonuses Payments made to a job occupant that are in addition to regular wages and salaries

and which generally relate to the job occupant's, or the organisation's

performance.

Elementary aggregates The finest aggregations of jobs, in terms of State/Territory, sector, industry group

and occupation group, for which expenditure weights are available.

Employee job A job for which the occupant receives remuneration in wages, salary, payment in

kind, or piece rates.

Employer Organisation with one or more employees.

Expenditure weights A measure of the relative importance of each elementary aggregate, based on

employers' total expenditure on wages and salaries. Expenditure weights are used

to combine elementary aggregate indexes into publication indexes.

Index number Measures change in hourly rates of pay between the base period and a later

period. The index number for the base quarter = 100.0.

Industry Classified according to the Australian and New Zealand Standard Industrial

Classification (ANZSIC), 1993 (Cat. no. 1292.0).

Occupation Classified according to the Australian Standard Classification of Occupations

(ASCO), Second Edition (Cat. no. 1220.0).

Ordinary time hourly rates of Measures quarterly change in ordinary time hourly rates of pay (see Explanatory

pay index Notes paragraphs 6 and 7).

Ordinary time hours Award, standard or agreed hours of work paid for at the ordinary rate.

Overtime hours The number of hours paid for in excess of ordinary time hours, based on the first

quarter's data.

Sector Public sector comprises local government authorities and all government

departments and agencies created by, or reporting to, the Commonwealth, or State/Territory Parliaments. The private sector comprises all organisations not

classified as public sector.

Total hourly rates of pay index Measures quarterly change in combined ordinary time and overtime hourly rates

of pay (see Explanatory Notes paragraph 8).

Weighting base The period to which the expenditure weights relate.

FOR MORE INFORMATION...

INTERNET www.abs.gov.au the ABS web site is the best place to

start for access to summary data from our latest publications, information about the ABS, advice about upcoming releases, our catalogue, and Australia Now—a

statistical profile.

LIBRARY A range of ABS publications is available from public and

tertiary libraries Australia-wide. Contact your nearest library to determine whether it has the ABS statistics you require, or visit our web site for a list of libraries.

CPI INFOLINE For current and historical Consumer Price Index data,

call 1902 981 074 (call cost 75c per minute).

DIAL-A-STATISTIC For the latest figures for National Accounts, Balance of

Payments, Labour Force, Average Weekly Earnings, Estimated Resident Population and the Consumer Price Index call 1900 986 400 (call cost 75c per minute).

INFORMATION SERVICE

Data which have been published and can be provided within five minutes are free of charge. Our information consultants can also help you to access the full range of ABS information—ABS user pays services can be tailored to your needs, time frame and budget. Publications may be purchased. Specialists are on hand to help you with analytical or methodological advice.

PHONE **1300 135 070**

EMAIL client.services@abs.gov.au

FAX 1300 135 211

POST Client Services, ABS, GPO Box 796, Sydney 1041

WHY NOT SUBSCRIBE?

ABS subscription services provide regular, convenient and prompt deliveries of ABS publications and products as they are released. Email delivery of monthly and quarterly publications is available.

......

PHONE 1300 366 323

EMAIL subscriptions@abs.gov.au

FAX 03 9615 7848

POST Subscription Services, ABS, GPO Box 2796Y, Melbourne 3001

© Commonwealth of Australia 2000



ISSN 1327-5356

RRP \$16.50